Boot Camp on U.S. FDA Regulations

Presented by Registrar Corp
October 25,2016



Amendments to the Registration of Food Facilities

Presented by David Lennarz

Vice President

October 25, 2016



Overview

- The Bioterrorism Act and Food Facility Registration
- The Food Safety Modernization Act and Biennial Food Facility Registration Renewal
- The Final Rule for Food Facility Registration and the 2016 Biennial Registration Renewal Period
- Summary / Questions & Answers



To prevent, prepare for, and respond to bioterrorism and other public health emergencies.

Public Health Security and Bioterrorism Preparedness and Response Act of 2002



Food Facility Registration

- Registration required under the Bioterrorism
 Act of 2002 for facilities that manufacture,
 process, pack or store food (including beverages
 and dietary supplements)
- Foreign facilities must designate a U.S. Agent



Food Facility Registration Exemption

- Trading companies
- Personal residences
- Transportation only
- Farms
- Retail Food Establishments
- Fishing Vessels
- USDA-regulated facilities



Food Facility Registration Information

- Facility Information (name, corporate entity type, physical location, trade names used to do business)
- Contact Information
 (telephone, email address,
 emergency contact,
 preferred mailing address)
- Product Information (general product categories)





Shifting the focus of federal regulators from responding to contamination to preventing it.

The Food Safety Modernization Act of 2011



Food Facility Registration Renewal

- Every two years, on even-numbered years
- Facilities must consent to FDA inspection
- Failure to renew results in invalidated registration, is a "prohibited act"

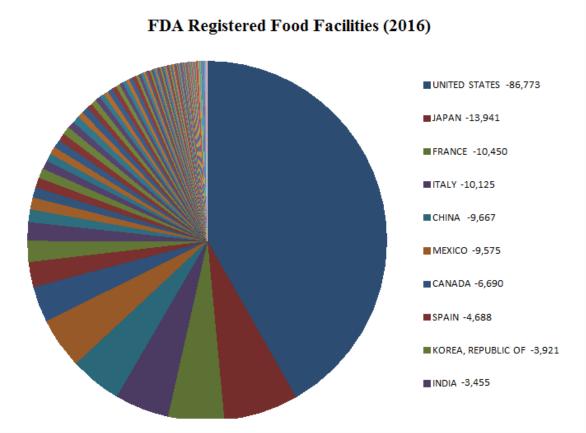
2016

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Registration Statistics

- FOIA Request: 207,655 food facilities registered with FDA as of January 1, 2016
 - 120,822 of those located outside of the United States
 - See full statistics on our website.





Registration Statistics

- FDA purges its database of non-renewed registrations early the next year.
- Number of FDA registered food facilities dropped 14% from January 2014 to January 2015

 Likely due to facilities failing to renew during the 2014 renewal period.



Final Rule for Food Facility Registration

- Unique Facility Identifier required for 2020
- Electronic submissions only in 2020
- Third Party Submission Verifications
 - If the registration submission, update, renewal or cancellation is not made by the owner, operator, or agent in charge, FDA will verify the third party was authorized to act on behalf of the registrant.
- Agent Assignment Verification
 - FDA will verify that the person designated as the U.S. Agent for foreign facilities has agreed to serve in that role.
 - FDA will not provide the facility with a registration number or confirm the registration renewal until that person confirms they agree to the designation.



Facility Food Product/Activity Categories Expanded

Human Food Product Categories and Activity Types:

- Warehouse/Holding facility will be divided into three categories:
- Ambient, Refrigerated and Frozen.
- Low Acid/Acidified Food Processor will be divided into two categories: Low Acid Food Processor and Acidified Food Processor.
- Farm "Mixed-Type" Facility will be added to the list of activities.
- Shellfish: Molluscan or Other?

Animal Food Product Categories:

- New Product Categories: Botanicals and herbs; direct fed microbials; forage products; and technical additives.
- Old categories replaced with new ones:
 Animal derived products → Animal protein products

Food processing byproducts → Human food by-products not otherwise listed Recycled animal waste products → Processed animal waste products.



Registration and Renewal Assistance

- Registrar Corp can register and renew food facilities with U.S. FDA
- U.S. Agent Benefits
 - Registration Renewal: Registrar Corp will renew FDA registrations biennially as required by FDA
 - Mock FDA Inspection (free of charge other than travel and lodging when FDA sets an inspection date)
 - Certificate of Registration issued by Registrar Corp
 - Registration Updates
 - FDA Compliance Monitoring
 - Prior Notice (three free per year)
 - Detention Assistance
 - DUNS Assistance



Questions & Answers



Changes to Food and Dietary Supplement Labeling

Presented by Anna Benevente Senior Regulatory Specialist October 25, 2016



Presentation Overview

- Regulatory History
- Content Changes
- Reference Amounts and Serving Sizes
- Format Changes
- Record Keeping
- Effective and Compliance Dates
- Summary / Questions & Answers



How did we get here?

Regulatory History



Current Nutrition Facts Label
has stayed relatively
unchanged since passage of the
Nutrition Labeling and
Education Act (1990)

Amount Per Servi			
AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT			11190 1 100
Calories 230	Ca	lories fron	n Fat 7
	11	% Dail	E - 000 107 (000 000)
Total Fat 8g			12
Saturated Fat	t 1g		5°
Trans Fat 0g			
Cholesterol 0mg			0
Sodium 160mg)		7
Total Carbohy		7g	12
Dietary Fiber	4g		16
Sugars 1g			
Protein 3g		1 1 1	
Vitamin A			10°
Vitamin C			89
Calcium			209
Iron			459
* Percent Daily Value Your daily value may your calorie needs.	y be higher or	lower depend	ding on
Total Fat	Calories: Less than	2,000	2,500
	Less man	65g	80g 25g



- Based upon new research and nutritional data, FDA issued 2 proposed rules in 2014 to modify the current Nutrition Facts Label in content and format and requested comment
- Supplemental proposed rule issued in 2015 addressed "added sugars"

Serving	size 2/3 cup (5		
mount	per 2/3 cup		
	ories 230		
% DV*			
12%	Total Fat 8g		
5%	Saturated Fat 1g		
	Trans Fat 0g		
0%	Cholesterol 0mg		
7 %	Sodium 160mg		
12%	Total Carbs 37g		
14%	Dietary Fiber 4g		
	Sugars 1g		
	Added Sugars 0g		
	Protein 3g		
10%	Vitamin D 2 mcg		
20%	Calcium 260 mg		
45%	Iron 8mg		
5%	Potassium 235mg		

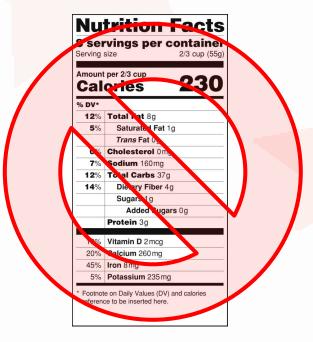


- Final Rules issued May 27, 2016:
 - Food Labeling: Revision of the Nutrition and Supplement Facts Labels
 - Food Labeling: Serving Sizes of Foods That Can Reasonably Be Consumed at One Eating Occasion; Dual-Column Labeling; Updating, Modifying, and Establishing Certain Reference Amounts Customarily Consumed; Serving Size for Breath Mints



 Final version of the Nutrition Facts Label is dramatically different than the 1990 and 2014 versions...







Final Version (Standard Format) 2016

Nutrition Facts 8 servings per container Serving size 2/3 cup (55g) Amount per serving **230 Calories** % Daily Value* **Total Fat 8g** 10% Saturated Fat 1g 5% Trans Fat 0g Cholesterol 0mg 0% Sodium 160mg 7% **Total Carbohydrate 37g** 13% Dietary Fiber 4g 14% Total Sugars 12g Includes 10g Added Sugars 20% Protein 3q Vitamin D 2mcg 10% Calcium 260mg 20% Iron 8mg 45% Potassium 235mg 6%



What new information is FDA requiring?

Content Changes



New Content Changes

- Vitamin D and Potassium are now mandatory declarations for the label
- Vitamins A and C are now voluntary
- Calories from fat may no longer be declared
- Fluoride may now be voluntarily declared
- "Sugars" now to be declared as "Total Sugars"



New Content Changes

- Added Sugars must be declared when present at certain amounts
- Quantitative amounts for the four mandatory vitamins/minerals must be given
- Modifications to how folate and folic acid are declared
- New units for Vitamin D, Niacin, Vitamin A, Vitamin E



Dietary Fiber

- FDA has modified the definition for dietary fiber to include only those with demonstrated beneficial physiological effects
 - Nondigestible soluble and insoluble carbohydrates and lignin that are intrinsic and intact in plants, and
 - [beta]-glucan soluble fiber, psyllium husk, cellulose, guar gum, pectin, locust bean gum, and hydroxypropylmethylcellulose
- FDA plans to review data on additional fibers and issue future guidance regarding others that may be included



Added Sugars

- Added Sugars include:
 - Those either added to the food or packaged as such
 - Sugars (free, mono- and disaccharides)
 - Syrups and honey (incl. single ingredient packages)
 - Sugars from concentrated fruit or vegetable juices that are in excess of what would be expected from the same volume of 100 percent fruit or vegetable juice of the same type



Added Sugars

- FDA provides the following as examples:
 - Brown sugar, sugar
 - Corn syrup and high fructose corn syrup
 - Dextrose
 - Fructose
 - Invert sugar
 - Maltose
 - Trehalose



Added Sugars

- Added Sugars does not include:
 - Single strength or 100% fruit juices
 - fruit or vegetable juice concentrated from 100 percent juices sold to consumers (which consumer will reconstitute)
 - fruit or vegetable juice concentrates used towards the total juice percentage label declaration under § 101.30 or for Brix standardization under § 102.33(g)(2)
 - fruit juice concentrates which are used to formulate the fruit component of jellies, jams, or preserves
 - fruit component of fruit spreads
 - Sugar alcohols



DRV/RDI Changes

 FDA updated the Daily Reference Value ("DRV") and Reference Daily Intake ("RDI") values for many nutrients, such as:

Total Fat78 g

Total Carb275 g

Sodium2300 mg

Potassium 4700 mg

Calcium1300 mg

Dietary Fiber28 g

FDA established a DRV for Added Sugars at 50 g



DRV/RDI Changes

- Will impact the value of the %DV declared in the label
- Will impact whether a product can make certain nutrient content and health claims
- Updated DRV/RDI values mean products that previously could make claims such as "low sodium" or "high in fiber" may not under the new rules



How have serving sizes changed with the new rules?

Reference Amounts and Serving Sizes



RACC Values

- Serving sizes must reflect the Reference Amount Customarily Consumed (RACC) determined by FDA's review of consumer consumption data
- Reflects what consumers <u>actually</u> eat, not what they <u>should</u> eat
- Multiple RACC values have been changed to reflect new data



Notable RACC changes

- Certain beverage RACCs were increased from 240 mL to 360 mL (such as sodas)
- "All other candies" RACC value decreased from 40 g to 30 g
- Ice cream RACC increased from 1/2 to 2/3 cup
- New RACC category for "appetizers" established
- New RACC category for "after-dinner confectionary"



RACC Example

85 gram chocolate bar

- Previous serving size based upon the 40 g RACC would result in serving size = ½ bar
- NEW serving size based upon 30 g RACC would result in serving size = 1/3 bar





How will the new label look?

Format Changes



Standard Label Changes

- Changes made to the order of nutrients
- Changes made to the footnote
- Changes made to the font sizes of the declarations
- Quantitative amounts of certain vitamins/minerals required

Nutrition Facts 8 servings per container **Serving size** 2/3 cup (55g) Amount per serving **230 Calories** % Daily Value* **Total Fat 8g** 10% Saturated Fat 1g 5% Trans Fat 0g Cholesterol 0mg 0% Sodium 160mg 7% Total Carbohydrate 37g 13% Dietary Fiber 4g 14% Total Sugars 12g Includes 10g Added Sugars 20% Protein 3q Vitamin D 2mcg 10% Calcium 260mg 20% Iron 8mg 45% Potassium 235mg 6% * The % Daily Value (DV) tells you how much a nutrient in a serving of food contributes to a daily diet. 2,000 calories a day is used for general nutrition advice.

Simplified Label Changes

 "Simplified" label is permitted when the product meets FDA requirements related to nutritional content

64 servings per contain Serving size 1	er tbsp (14g)
Amount per serving Calories	130
	% DV*
Total Fat 14g	18%
Saturated Fat 2g	10%
Trans Fat 2g	
Polyunsaturated Fat 4g	
Monounsaturated Fat 6g	
Sodium Omg	0%
Total Carbohydrate 0g	0%
Protein Og	
Not a significant source of cholesterol, total sugars, added sugars, whatein D, and potassium.	
* 96DV = %Daily Value	



Tabular Label Changes

 "Tabular" label is permitted when product packaging is below a certain size

Nutrition	Amount/serving	% DV	Amount/serving	% DV	
Facts	Total Fat 2g	3%	Total Carb. 15g	5%	
5 servings	Sat. Fat 1g	5%	Fiber 0g	0%	
per container	Trans Fat 0.5g		Total Sugars 14g		
Serving size	Cholesterol 10mg	3%	Incl. 13g Added Sugars	26%	
1/6 cup (28g)	Sodium 200mg	9%	Protein 3g		
Calories 90	Vitamin D 0% • Calcium 6% • Iron 6% • Potassium 10%				

Nutrition	Amount/serving	% Daily Value*	Amount/serving % Dail	ly Value*	
	Total Fat 15g	2%	Total Carbohydrate 36g	13%	"The % Daily Value (DV) teta you how
Facts	Saturated Fat 0.5g	3%	Dietary Fiber 2g 7%		much a nutrient in a serving of
10 servings per container Trans Fat 0.5g Total		Total Sugars 1g		food pontributes to a clary det 2,000	
Serving size	Cholesterol Omg	0%	Includes 1g of Added Sugars	2%	calcrice a day is
2 slices (56g)	Sodium 280mg	12%	2% Protein 4g		used for general nutition advice
Calories 170	Vitamin D Omog 0% • C Thiamin 15% • Riboflav	alcium 80mg 6% • I in 8% • Niacin 10%	ron 1mg 6% • Potassium 470mg 10	7%	keri aggi sang jigan asyan tali siyo



Linear Label Changes

 "Linear" label is only permitted when a tabular chart will not fit on the product packaging

Nutrition Facts Servings: 12, Serv. size: 1 mint (2g),

Amount per serving: **Calories 5, Total Fat** 0g (0% DV), Sat. Fat 0g (0% DV), Trans Fat 0g, **Cholest.** 0mg (0% DV), **Sodium** 0mg (0% DV), **Total Carb.** 2g (1% DV), Fiber 0g (0% DV), Total Sugars 2g (Incl. 2g Added Sugars, 4% DV), **Protein** 0g, Vit. D (0% DV), Calcium (0% DV), Iron (0% DV), Potas. (5% DV).



Dual Column Labels

- FDA has mandated "dual column" labels for certain products
- For products in packaging that is 200-300% of the RACC
- For products that are discrete units that are 200-300% of the RACC



Dual Column Label Examples

Nutrition Facts

2 servings per container

Serving size

1 cup (255g)

Calories	Per serving 220		Per container 440	
		% DV*		% DV*
Total Fat	5g	6%	10g	13%
Saturated Fat	2g	10%	4g	20%
Trans Fat	0g		0g	
Cholesterol	15mg	5%	30mg	10%
Sodium	240mg	10%	480mg	21%
Total Carb.	35g	13%	70g	25%
Dietary Fiber	6g	21%	12g	43%
Total Sugars	7g		14g	
Incl. Added Sugars	4g	8%	8g	16%
Protein	9g		18g	
Vitamin D	5mcg	25%	10mcg	50%
Calcium	200mg	15%	400mg	30%
Iron	1mg	6%	2mg	10%
Potassium	470mg	10%	940mg	20%

^{*} The % Daily Value (DV) tells you how much a nutrient in a serving of food contributes to a daily diet. 2,000 calories a day is used for general nutrition advice.

Nutrition Facts

12 servings per container

Serving size 1/2 muffin (114g)

	Per 1/2	muffin	Per 1	muffin
Calories	3	80	7	60
		% DV*		% DV*
Total Fat	16g	21%	32g	41%
Saturated Fat	3g	15%	6g	30%
Trans Fat	0g		0g	
Cholesterol	50mg	17%	100mg	33%
Sodium	480mg	21%	960mg	42%
Total Carb.	56g	20%	112g	41%
Dietary Fiber	2g	7%	4g	14%
Total Sugars	32g		64g	
Incl. Added Sugars	30g	60%	60g	120%
Protein	3g		6g	
Vitamin D	0.1mcg	0%	0.2mcg	2%
Calcium	40mg	4%	80mg	6%
Iron	2mg	10%	4mg	20%
Potassium	190mg	4%	380mg	8%

^{*} The % Daily Value (DV) tells you how much a nutrient in a serving of food contributes to a daily diet. 2,000 calories a day is used for general nutrition advice.



Is there any data that must be kept?

Recordkeeping



Records for Nutrient Declarations

- Generally must be kept for nutrients for which analytical methods are not available
- Records may be analyses of databases, recipes, formulations, batch records



Records for Nutrient Declarations

- Records must show how the nutrient values were determined, when product:
 - Has a mixture of fibers that meet and don't meet the definition of "dietary fiber"
 - Has a mixture of naturally occurring sugars and those that would be considered "added sugars"
 - Is subjected to non-enzymatic browning that results in reduction of "added sugars"
 - Has a mixture of all rac- α -tocopherol and RRR- α -tocopherol (vitamin E)
 - Has a mixture of folic acid and folate



Are dietary supplements affected by the new rule?

Changes to the Dietary Supplement Label



Content Changes

- List of mandatory nutrients no longer includes vitamins A and C
 - Replaced with potassium and vitamin D
 - "Calories from Fat" no longer permitted
- "Added Sugars" and "Total Sugars" must be declared if present
- Changes/additions to regulatory definitions for nutrients in Nutrition Facts Label also apply



Format Changes

- Relatively minor compared to the Nutrition Facts Label
- Size of Calorie declaration will not increase FDA states that the final rule was in error and will be corrected in a technical amendment
- New disclaimer for supplements intended for children 1-3 years of age:
 - "*Percent Daily Values are based on a 1,000 calorie diet."



Label Examples

Supplement Fac	cts
Serving Size 1 Capsule Servings Per Container 100	
Amount Per Capsule % Da	aily Value
Calories 20	
Total Fat 2 g	3%*
Saturated Fat 0.5 g	3%*
Trans Fat 0 g	†
Polyunsaturated Fat 1 g	†
Monounsaturated Fat 0.5 g	†
Vitamin A 765 mcg	85%
Vitamin D 21 mcg	105%
Omega-3 fatty acids 0.5 g	†
* Percent Daily Values are based on a 2,000 calorie diet. † Daily Value not established.	

Ingredients: Cod liver oil, gelatin, water, and glycerin.

Suppleme	ent Fa	cts
Serving Size 1 tsp (3g) (make Servings Per Container 24	s 8 fl oz prepared)
	Amount Per Teaspoon	% Daily Value
Calories	10	
Total Carbohydrate	2 g	<1%*
Total Sugars	2 g	†
Includes 2g Added Suga	ars	4%*

* Percent Daily Values are based on a 2,000 calorie diet.
† Daily Value not established.

German Chamomile (flower)

Proprietary Blend

Hyssop (leaf)

Other ingredients: Fructose, lactose, starch, and stearic acid.

0.7 g



How much time do I have to change my labels?

Effective and Compliance Dates



Effective Date

- Effective Date: July 26, 2016
 - New regulations went into effect
 - Replaced the former regulations found in the Code of Federal Regulations



Compliance Dates

- Compliance Dates
 - FDA allows industry time to incorporate the new rules into their packaging
 - Based upon the annual food sales of the manufacturer
 - Sales > \$10 Million: July 26, 2018
 - Sales < \$10 Million: July 26, 2019



Labeling and Ingredient Review

- Registrar Corp can review food labeling and ingredients for FDA compliance.
- Service includes:
 - A detailed report (typically 40-50 pages) prepared by our team of Regulatory Specialists who scrutinize every element of the food labeling
 - Update to FDA's new labeling format
 - A print-ready graphic file of the revised food label which incorporates our recommended changes.



Questions & Answers



U.S. FDA Import Alerts

Presented by Sarah Gurganus Senior Regulatory Specialist October 25, 2016



Presentation Overview

- FDA Resource Management
- What is an Import Alert?
- Detention Without Physical Examination (DWPE)
- Format of Import Alerts
- Removal or Exemption from DWPE
- Registrar Corp's Solutions
- Questions & Answers



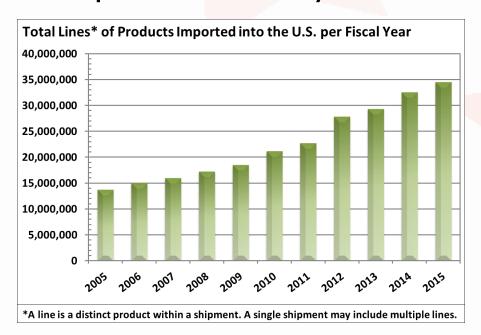
FDA's Solution to Handle Millions of Entries

FDA Resource Management



FDA Resource Management

- Nearly 35 million entries of FDA regulated products in FY 2015.
- Over 300 possible ports of entry.





FDA Resource Management

• In 2013, FDA was able to physically inspect only 1.9% of all food products entering the United States.

 FDA has developed systems that allow the agency to use the minimum amount of its limited resources to identify and detain products that are expected to be noncompliant.



FDA's Solution to Handle Millions of Entries

Import Alerts



What is an Import Alert?

- Notice to all entry ports that certain products from specific areas or manufacturers may be violative.
- Created whenever FDA discovers a pattern of violation that creates a reason to believe that future shipments may be similarly violative.
- Instructs FDA compliance officers to detain these products.

More than 250 active Import Alerts



What is an Import Alert?

Types of Import Alerts



Types of Import Alerts

- Green List Import Alerts:
 - Subject to the alert unless you're on the Green List.

- Red List Import Alerts:
 - Only subject to the alert if you are on the Red List.



Green List Import Alerts

- Green List Import Alerts:
 - Inherently risky products from anywhere in the world.
 - 16-20: Puffer Fish (Tetrodotoxin)
 - Violations common or widespread in certain regions.
 - 16-07: Dried or Pickled Finfish from Thailand (Filth)
 - 99-29: Vegetable Protein products from China (melamine)



Red List Import Alerts

- Red List Import Alerts:
 - Based on the nature of the violation or history of the company.
 - 16-04: Misbranded Seafood
 - 45-02: Foods Containing Illegal and/or Undeclared Colors
 - 99-19: Food Products due to Salmonella



Import Alerts

Detention Without Physical Examination (DWPE)



Detention Without Physical Examination (DWPE)

- Shipment will be detained without an inspector even looking at it.
- Works under the premise that the products *appear* violative based on a history of violation.
- NOT an automatic refusal.
 - The manufacturer or importer must present evidence to FDA that the product is NOT violative in order to get a shipment released from detention.
 - This process will repeat for ALL shipments for as long as the Import Alert is in effect.



Import Alerts

Format of Import Alerts



Format of Import Alerts

- Available on the FDA website.
- All alerts follow the same format:
 - Identifying Information
 - Reason For Alert
 - Guidance
 - Product Description
 - Charge
 - [If country specific, the list of countries and products affected]
 - The appropriate list of facilities (red or green)



Format of Import Alerts

Import Alert # 16-124 Published Date: 09/12/2016

Type: DWPE

Import Alert Name:

"Detention Without Physical Examination Of Aquaculture Seafood Products Due To Unapproved Drugs"

Reason for Alert:

There has been an extensive commercialization and an increased consumption rate of aquaculture seafood products. As this industry grows, the use of unapproved new animal drugs and the misuse of approved new animal drugs in seafood raised through aquaculture also grows. The use of unapproved new animal drugs will have an impact on the safety of aquaculture products for consumers.

Guidance:

Districts may detain, without physical examination, the products from the firms identified in the attachmnet for this alert.

Contact the Division of Field Science at 301 796-6600 for questions or issues concerning science, science policy, analysis, preparation, or analytical methodology.

All requests for removal from detention without physical examination should be address to DIOP 301-796-0356.

Product Description:

Aquaculture seafood

Charge:

"The article is subject to refusal of admission pursuant to on 801(a)(3) in that it appears to be adulterated in that it or contains a new animal drug (or conversion product of) that is unsafe within the meaning of Section 512, which violation of Section 402(a)(2)(C)(ii)."

OASIS charge code - VETDRUGRES

List of firms and their products subject to Detention without Physical Examination (DWPE) under this Import Alert (a.k.a. Red List)



Format of Import Alerts

CHILE

Comercial y Servicios Sur Austral, Ltda. Ruta 5 Sur 7, Chamiza, Puerto Montt, Los Lagos CHILE

16 X - - 03 Salmon, all, Aquaculture Harvested Fishery/Seafood Products

Desc:Salmon; Atlantic Coho- Farmed

Notes:Problem: Isoeugenol

Date Published: 08/10/2016

Date Published: 08/10/2016

CHINA

BEIHAI ANBANG SEAFOOD CO.,LTD Date Published: 09/09/2013
INDUSTRIAL SECTION,CHINESE OVERSEAS, &DEVELOPMENT ZONE,BEIHAI,GUANGXI,CHINA, Beihai, Yanxizhuangzuzizhigu CHINA

16 A - - 58 Tilapia Date Published: 09/09/2013

Desc:Tilapia

Problems: MALACHITE GREEN;

16 X - - 06 Tilapia, Aquaculture Harvested Fishery/Seafood Products

Desc:Tilapia

Problems: MALACHITE GREEN:

BEIHAI EVERGREEN AQUATIC PRODUCT SCI.&TECH. CO.,LTD.

MIDDLE STATION, HEPU COUNTY, BEIHAI CITY, Beihai, Yanxizhuangzuzizhiqu CHINA

16 A - - 58 Tilapia Desc:Tilapia

Problems: SULFADIAZINE;

16 X - - 06 Tilapia, Aquaculture Harvested Fishery/Seafood Products

Desc:Tilapia

Problems: SULFADIAZINE:

Date Published: 03/04/2016

Date Published: 03/04/2016

Date Published: 09/09/2013

Date Published: 03/04/2016



Import Alert Petitions

Removal or Exemption from DWPE



Removal or Exemption from DWPE

What do you do if you find yourself or your supplier subject to DWPE?

PETITION!





Removal or Exemption from DWPE

 A firm will remain subject to DWPE unless it provides evidence to FDA that it is no longer at risk.

- Evidence is provided in the form of a petition sent to Division of Import Operations (DIO) to request removal.
 - May be 100+ pages in length.
 - Requires extensive documentary evidence.



Import Alert Petitions

Petition Requirements



Petition Requirements

- Corrective Actions: Documentary evidence that the problem has been corrected or prevented.
 - Corrective actions will vary depending upon the circumstances:
 - HACCP plan revisions
 - Change of suppliers
 - Label revisions
 - Lab analyses of every lot
 - Etc.



Petition Requirements

- **Shipments:** A series of non-violative shipments to verify that the corrective or preventive actions are sufficient.
 - Minimum of 5-12 routine commercial shipments spaced over a reasonable period of time.
 - Submission of shipping documents.
 - US Customs Form 3461 or 7501
 - Commercial Invoice
 - Packing List
 - Bill of Lading



Import Alert Petitions

FDA Review of Petitions



FDA Review of Petitions

- Division of Import Operations (DIO) reviews petitions in the order received.
 - Review periods can take several months.
 - FDA may request additional documentation or shipments during the course of the review.



FDA Review of Petitions

- If the petition is approved:
 - FDA will issue an approval letter to the submitter and notify all FDA district offices of the change in status.
 - Entries will no longer be subject to DWPE, but will remain subject to routine inspections.
- If the petition is denied:
 - FDA will issue a denial letter to the submitter including an explanation of the reason for denial.
 - Once any deficiencies have been corrected, a new petition may be submitted to FDA for further review.
 - No "penalty" for a denied petition.



DWPE Petition Assistance

- Assist the company to identify the cause of placement on Import Alert.
- Assist in the determination and implementation of certain types of corrective actions.
 - Label reviews, HACCP reviews, FCE/SID filing, registration, color batch certification, etc.
- Assist with FDA communications for each detained shipment after implementation of corrective actions.
- Develop petition for removal from DWPE and submit to FDA.
 - Provide an administrative review of documents regarding corrective actions and cleared shipments.
- Address FDA's questions during the review period.



Questions & Answers



How to Prepare for a Foreign FDA Food Facility Inspection

Presented by Rick Barham Food Safety Specialist October 25, 2016



Why is FDA Conducting Foreign Inspections?

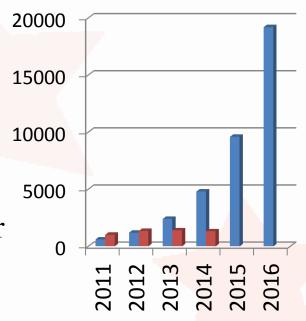
- Globalization has increased the volume of food imported into the United States and introduced a higher level of complexity for ensuring the safety of food.
- Today, about 15 percent of all food consumed in the United States is imported.
 - 80% of all seafood
 - 50% of fruits
 - 20% of vegetables
- FSMA Mandate: Increase the number of routine inspections worldwide



FSMA Foreign Facility Inspection Schedule

- 2011- 600 Foreign Inspections
- 2012- 1,200 Foreign Inspections
- 2013- 2,400 Foreign Inspections
- 2014- 4,800 Foreign Inspections (only completed 1,327 total in 2014)
- 2015- 9,600 Foreign Inspections (fewer than 1100 food inspections in 2015)
- 2016- 19,200 Foreign Inspections

NOTE: FDA is increasing the number of inspections globally. No one country, region, or company is being targeted for inspection.





Foreign Food Facility Inspection Selection

- Facility's risk profile:
 - Product Risk
 - Process Complexity
 - Facility compliance history (refusal rates, previous inspection results, etc.)
- New exporters shipping large volumes
- Convenience
 - typically FDA inspects 4-8 facilities on one trip





Foreign FDA Food Facility Inspections

- FDA inspections are designed to:
 - Identify food safety problems before products arrive in the U.S. or enter interstate commerce
 - Determine compliance status of facilities
 - Help FDA make admissibility decisions
 - Ensure that food products meet U.S. requirements under the FD&C Act.
- Note: An FDA establishment inspection is a careful, critical, official examination of a facility to determine its compliance with laws administered by FDA.



Inspection Process: "Notice of Inspection"

- Notice is sent by email to registrant's email as indicated in the food facility's FDA registration
- Notice is also sent to U.S.
 Agent via email
- Email will come from:@fda.hhs.gov





Inspection Process: "Notice of Inspection"

- Key Points:
 - 5 Days to Respond
 - Provide additional data
 - Refusal to respond or refusal to allow an inspection may cause "increased sampling, refusal of admission, or other regulatory action."



Inspection Process: "Factory Profile Information" Form

- Once you reply, FDA's Office of Regulatory Affairs will contact you:
 - May take days, weeks, or months (or never)
 - Coordinate inspection date
 - Ask you to complete and return a "Factory Profile Information" form to FDA
 - FDA will then come back with name of investigator, their flight info, ask you to make hotel reservations, and maybe even ask you to provide ground transportation.



Inspection Process: Day 1

- Inspection is typically 2 days
- Day 1:
 - Introductions
 - Opening Meeting
 - Quick Tour
 - Document Review





Inspection Process: Day 2

Day 2:

- Most time spent in factory
- Closing meeting with management
- Delivery of form "483"
 "Inspectional Observations"



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108 Paint Branch Parkway (BFS-608)		2014 -	/2604		
(301) 436-2413 Fax: (301) 436-2657					
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Applicable FDA Regulations

- A single inspection may focus on multiple requirements
- For example, a canned tuna product may be inspected for compliance with:
 - Seafood HACCP (21 CFR 123)
 - Low Acid Canned Foods (21 CFR 113)
 - Current GMP (21 CFR 110) / (21 CFR 117)
 - Food Labeling (21 CFR 101)
 - Emergency Permit Control (21 CFR 108)



Preventive Controls for Human Foods

- Who is covered?
 - Facilities that manufacture, process, pack or hold human food
 - In general, facilities required to register with FDA under sec. 415 of the FD&C Act
 - Not farms or retail food establishments
 - Applies to domestic and imported food
 - Some exemptions and modified requirements apply



Preventive Controls for Human Foods

- Updated the Current Good Manufacturing Practices
 - Protection against allergen cross-contact
 - Previous nonbinding provisions, such as education and training, are now binding
- Requires implementation of a food safety plan
 - Hazard Analysis
 - Prevention controls
 - Supply-chain controls
 - Recall plan
 - Procedures for monitoring

- Corrective action procedures
- Verification procedures
- Recordkeeping
- Reanalysis at least every three years



Food Safety Plan – Hazard Analysis

- Evaluation of hazards must include
 - Consideration of severity of illness/injury and probability of occurrence in absence of preventive controls
 - Evaluation of environmental pathogens for ready-to-eat foods exposed to the environment prior to packaging and the packaged does not receive a treatment or control measure to minimize significant pathogens
 - Consideration of effect of factors such as formulation, condition and design of facility and equipment, raw materials and other ingredients, transportation practices, sanitation, intended use, etc.



Food Safety Plan – Prevention Controls

- Measures required to ensure that hazards are significantly minimized or prevented. These include:
 - Process controls: maximum or minimum values, etc.
 - Food allergen controls: cross-contact, labeling, etc.
 - Sanitation controls: cleanliness of food-contact surfaces, etc.
 - Supply-chain controls: approved suppliers, verification, etc.
 - Recall plan: written procedures, public notification, etc.
- Include controls at critical control points (CCPs), if any, and controls other than those at CCPs that are appropriate for food safety



Preventive Controls for Animal Foods

- Establish Current Good Manufacturing Practices (CGMPs)
- Hazard Analysis and Risk-Based Preventive Controls
 - Each facility is required to implement a written food safety plan that focuses on preventing hazards in animal foods
- CGMPs include:
 - Personnel
 - Plant / Grounds
 - Sanitation
 - Water supply and plumbing

- Equipment and utensils
- Plant operations
- Holding and Distribution

 Holding and distribution of human food byproducts for use as animal food



After the Inspection

- FDA will eventually classify the inspection:
 - No Action Indicated (NAI)
 - Voluntary Action Indicated (VAI) -
 - Official Action Indicated (OAI)
- FDA discloses the final inspection classification in an online database

http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/inspsearch/



FDA Inspection Results

			Inspection			
Firm Name	City	Country	End Date	Center	Project Area	Classification
Sejun Food Co., Ltd	Gwangju-si	KR	7/22/2014	CFSAN	Foodborne Biological Hazards	OAI
Hung Loi Manufacturing and Trading Co. Ltd.	Ho Chi Minh City	VN	4/11/2014	CFSAN	Foodborne Biological Hazards	OAI
TSUKEZEN SHOTEN CO.,LTD. KOBE IND.	Kobe-city	JP	7/23/2014	CFSAN	Foodborne Biological Hazards	OAI
BRODR. REMO AS	Fiskarstrand	NO	9/1/2014	CFSAN	Foodborne Biological Hazards	OAI
Maria Distribution Sarl	Dakar	SN	1/10/2014	CFSAN	Foodborne Biological Hazards	OAI
Inversiones Peru Pacifico S.A	Sullana	PE	2/4/2014	CFSAN	Foodborne Biological Hazards	OAI
Changsha Organic Herb Inc.	Changsha	CN	5/28/2014	CFSAN	Foodborne Biological Hazards	OAI

OAI Actions

- Warning Letter (which you could respond to) and perhaps a "Close Out Letter"
- Detentions at the port
- Registration suspension
- Re-inspection under FSMA

2014 > Marukai Foods Co., Inc. (Takasu Factory) 7/14/14

Page 1 of 3

Hore inspectiors. Compliance. Enforcement, and Criminal Investigations Compliance Actions and Activities Wanning Letters 2014. Activities Wanning Letters 2014. Inspections, Compliance, Enforcement, and Criminal Investigations

Marukai Foods Co., Inc. (Takasu Factory) 7/14/14



Public Health Service Foce and Drug Administration College Park, MD 20740

JUL 14, 2014

WARNING LETTER

VIA EXPRESS DELIVERY

Mr. Mikazuki Sunica, Owner/Representative Director Marukai Foods Cu., Irc. 4840-12 Takasu-cha Onomichi-city, Ilirushima Prefecture Japan 7290141

Re:433887

Dear Mr. Sumida:

The United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA) inspected your facility, Marukai Foods Co., Inc. coated in Onomichi-City, Hiroshma Prefecture lapan on February 19, 2014 through February 20, 2014. The inspection was concucted to determine compliance with the Federal, Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (the Act) and regulations that apply to the food that you ship to the United States. Based on our review, we have concluded that your Small Young Sardine (4.2.2 oz.), Small Young Sardine (8.82 oz.), and Dried Sardine (5.62) products are in violation of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (the Act) and the applicable regulations in Title 21, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 101 (2: CFR 101). You can find copies of the Act and these regulations through links in FDA's hame page at www.fda.gov¹.

Your Small Young Sardine (4.25 nz.), Small Young Sardine (8.82 oz.), and Dried Sardine (5 oz.)
products are misbranded within the meaning of Section 403 (b) [21 U.S.C. § 343(b)] of the Act in
that they are offered for sale under the name "sardine," but are in fact "anchovies."

Your Small Young Sardine (4.23 oz.), Small Young Sardine (8.82 oz.) and Dried Sardine (5 oz.),
products are misbranded within the meaning of section 403(f) of the Act (21 U.S.C. § 343(f))
because they contain information in two languages but does not repeat all the required label
information in both languages. For example, the Nutrition Facts information must be declared in
both, Jacanese and English as required by 21 CFR 101.15(c)(2).

In accordance with 21 CFR 1 01,15(c), if a product label contains any representation in a foreign language or foreign characters, all words, statements, and other information required by or under authority of the Act to appear on the label must appear in the foreign language.

3. Your Small Young Sardine (4.23 oz.), Small Young Sardine (8.82 oz.), and Dried Sardine (5 oz.) products are misbranded within the meaning of Section 403(q) of the Act [21 U.S.C. § 343(q)] in

http://www.ida.gov/ICECI/EnforcementActions/WarningLetters/2014/uem407118.htm

07118.htm = 10/10/2014



Recommendations

- Preparedness is critical
 - Most companies think they are prepared, but they're not. Having a review by an external expert is often highly beneficial
- Address simple to correct findings during the inspection process
- Respond to the 483 with evidential solutions, not with vague answers



Mock FDA Inspection Service

- Registrar Corp will send a Food Safety Specialist trained in FDA inspections to a foreign facility to help it prepare.
 - Typically 2 days per facility
 - Helps to identify potential food safety problems in the structure, processes, procedures and documentation used in a facility's daily production.
- U.S. Agent Clients: Free of charge, other than travel and lodging expenses, when FDA schedules an inspection.



Questions & Answers



Implementation Status of the Food Safety Modernization Act

Presented by Bracey Parr Regulatory Advisor October 25th, 2016



Presentation Overview

- History of FSMA
- Review of Major Rules
 - Preventive Controls for Human and Animal Food
 - Foreign Supplier Verification Program
- Current Implementation Status
- Summary / Questions & Answers

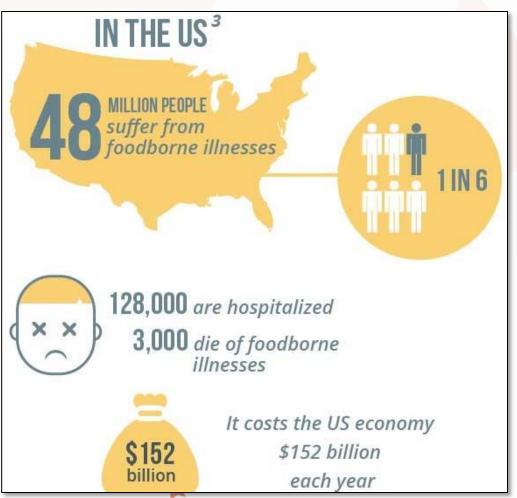


"The most sweeping reform...in 70 years"

History of FSMA



History of FSMA









History of FSMA

- June 8th, 2009 Introduced in the House
- June 9th, 2009 Passed by the House
- December 21st, 2010 Passed by the Senate
- December 29th, 2010 Resolved differences
- January 4th, 2011 Signed by Pres. Obama
 PL 111-353
- Sept. 17th, 2015 First Final Rule published



PC Rules and FSVP

Review of Major Rules









- Exemptions and modified requirements:
 - Retail establishments (restaurants and stores)
 - Qualified facilities
 - Juice and Seafood HACCP
 - Alcoholic beverages
 - Dietary supplements
 - USDA products
 - Farms
 - Unexposed, packaged food in warehouses



- Deadlines
- Food Safety Plan
 - Facilities with >500 full-time equivalent employees:
 September 19th, 2016
 - Small business (<500 employees): September 18th, 2017
- Qualified facility attestation
 - Qualified facilities and very small businesses: September 2018



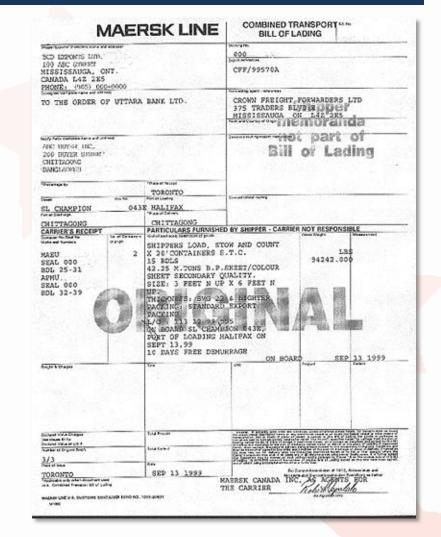
FSVP – Written Program



Registrar Corp*



- Who must comply?
 - "Importer": defined as owner or consignee
 - If there is no US owner or consignee, the "Importer" is the U.S. agent or representative of the foreign owner or consignee, as confirmed in a signed statement of consent.





Exemptions

- Firms subject to juice or seafood HACCP regulations
- Very small importers (\$1 million human/\$2.5 million animal)
- Food for research or evaluation; Food for personal consumption
- Alcoholic beverages and ingredients
- Food transshipped through U.S.
- Meat, poultry, and egg products subject to USDA regulation at time of importation
- Country with equivalent food safety system



- When must I comply?
 - Latest of these dates
 - May 2017
 - Six months after supplier is required to become compliant
 - Date the importer must comply with those supplychain provisions



- New information required in the Automated Commercial Environment
 - Name of FSVP importer
 - E-mail address
 - Unique facility identifier





FSMA



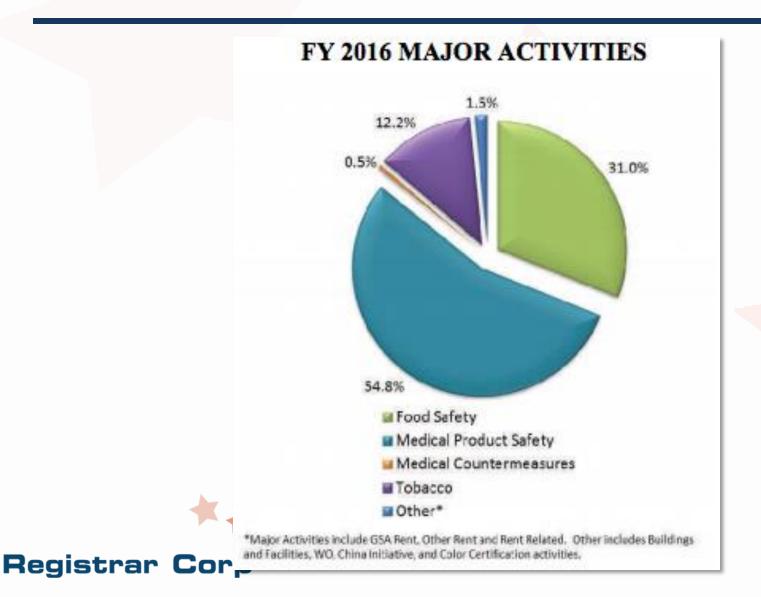
7 MAJOR FSMA RULES	PUBLICATION DATE
Preventive Controls for Human Food	September 17 th , 2015
Preventive Controls for Animal Food	September 17 th , 2015
Produce Safety	November 27 th , 2015
Foreign Supplier Verification Program (FSVP)	November 27 th , 2015
Third Party Certification	November 27 th , 2015
Voluntary Qualified Importer Program (VQIP)	Draft Guidance – June 4 th , 2015
Sanitary Transport	April 6 th , 2016
Intentional Adulteration	May 27 th , 2016







Registrar Corp*



- Authority granted immediately
 - Administrative detention if "reason to believe" food may be adulterated or misbranded
 - Mandatory recall for a contaminated food
 - Changes to registration
 - Renewal
 - E-mail of contact person or US agent
 - Suspension authority



- Authority granted immediately
 - Protections for whistle blowers at food facilities
 - Fees
 - Reinspection (2017 \$221 per hour; \$285 per hour [foreign])
 - Non-compliance with a recall order (same)



- Preventive Controls for Human Food Rule
 - Draft Rule: January 16th, 2013
 - Final Rule: Sept. 17th, 2015
 - Draft Qualified facility attestation guidance: May 16th, 2016
 - Deadline clarifications: August 24th, 2016
 - First deadline: Sept. 19th, 2016
 - Subject companies with more than 500 full-time equivalent employees



- Foreign Supplier Verification Program
 - Draft Rule: July 29th, 2013
 - Final Rule: Nov. 27th, 2015
 - Deadline clarifications: August 24th, 2016
 - First deadline: May 30th, 2017
 - FSVPs for PC-rule subject suppliers with more than 500 full-time equivalent employees
 - Guidance: Forthcoming



- Animal Food
 - cGMPs: Sept. 19th, 2016; PC: Sept. 18th, 2017
- Produce Safety
 - First deadline: (Sprouts) Nov. 27th, 2016
- Sanitary Transport
 - First deadline: April 26th, 2017
- Intentional Adulteration
 - First Deadline: May 28th, 2019



- Third Party Certification
 - July 2015: Released guidance
 - Fees for Accreditation Bodies and Certification Bodies
- Voluntary Qualified Importer Program
 - June 2015: Released guidance
 - Estimated fee: \$16,400 (first year)
 - Jan. 2018: Accept applications
 - Oct. 2018: Program begins



Assistance with FSMA Requirements

- FSMA Wizard: <u>www.fsmawizard.com</u>
 - Free tool to help identify your possible requirements
- FDA Compliance Monitor: <u>www.fdamonitor.com</u>
 - Monitor suppliers for Import Alerts, Warning Letters, Inspection Classifications, Import Refusals
- Food Safety Plans
- Foreign Supplier Verification Programs (FSVPs)
- Food Defense Plans



Questions & Answers



Registrar Corp's Solutions

- Registrar Corp provides a full range of fixed-fee compliance services:
 - Registration & U.S. Agent Service
 - Prior Notice Filings
 - Label, Ingredient, and Product Review
 - LACF and Food Safety Services (Mock FDA Inspections)
 - FSMA Compliance Services
 - Detention Assistance
 - DWPE Petition Submissions
 - FDA Compliance Monitor



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